

BIOTEK TILE CLEAN
Section: 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier: **BIOTEK TILE CLEAN**
 Substance type: CLP Mixture

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

Use of the Substance/Mixture : ACID CLEANER

Recommended restrictions on use : Reserved for industrial and professional use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION
 Ecolab Ltd.
 PO Box 11; Winnington Avenue
 Northwich, Cheshire, CW8 4DX, United Kingdom
 TEL: + 44 (0)1606 74488

LOCAL COMPANY IDENTIFICATION
 Ecolab Ltd.
 PO Box 11; Winnington Avenue
 Northwich, Cheshire, CW8 4DX, United Kingdom
 TEL: + 44 (0)1606 74488

For Product Safety information please contact: msdseame@nalco.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number:

Emergency telephone number : Trans-European
 +441618841235
 +32-(0)3-575-5555 Trans-European Address European
 Economic Area HQ

Date of Compilation/Revision: 22.07.2019
 Version Number: 1.1

Section: 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Corrosive to metals, Category 1	H290
Skin irritation, Category 2	H315
Eye irritation, Category 2	H319
Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 2	H411

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :



Signal Word : Warning

Hazard Statements	:	H290	May be corrosive to metals.
		H315	Causes skin irritation.
		H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
		H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements : **Prevention:**

BIOTEK TILE CLEAN

P273

Avoid release to the environment.

P280

Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

2.3 Other hazards

Do not mix with bleach or other chlorinated products – will cause chlorine gas.

Section: 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**3.2 Mixtures****Hazardous components**

Chemical Name	CAS-No. EC-No. REACH No.	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)	Concentration: [%]
Phosphoric Acid	7664-38-2 231-633-2 01-2119485924-24	Skin corrosion Category 1B; H314 Corrosive to metals Category 1; H290	10 - < 20
Sulfamic Acid	5329-14-6 226-218-8 01-2119488633-28	Skin irritation Category 2; H315 Eye irritation Category 2; H319 Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 3; H412 According to OECD 404 and 405 the irritancy threshold of sulphamic acid for skin and eyes is above 10%	3 - < 5
Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated	68131-39-5 01-2119488720-33	Acute aquatic toxicity Category 1; H400 Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 3; H412	2.5 - < 5
Dimethyl-Dioctyl-Ammonium Chloride	5538-94-3 226-901-0	Acute toxicity Category 3; H301 Acute toxicity Category 2; H330 Skin corrosion Sub-category 1B; H314 Serious eye damage Category 1; H318 Acute aquatic toxicity Category 1; H400 Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 1; H410	0.5 - < 1
Substances with a workplace exposure limit :			
Ethanol	64-17-5 200-578-6	Flammable liquids Category 2; H225	0.1 - < 0.25

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

Section: 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**4.1 Description of first aid measures**

- If inhaled : Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- In case of skin contact : Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
Use a mild soap if available.
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
- In case of eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

BIOTEK TILE CLEAN

rinsing.
Get medical attention.

If swallowed : Rinse mouth.
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Protection of first-aiders : In event of emergency assess the danger before taking action.
Do not put yourself at risk of injury. If in doubt, contact emergency responders. Use personal protective equipment as required.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

Section: 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during firefighting : Not flammable or combustible.

Hazardous combustion products : Depending on combustion properties, decomposition products may include following materials:
Carbon oxides
nitrogen oxides (NO_x)
Sulphur oxides
Oxides of phosphorus

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters : Use personal protective equipment.

Further information : Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Section: 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel : Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only.
Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Advice for emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials.

BIOTEK TILE CLEAN

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Stop leak if safe to do so.
Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).
Flush away traces with water.
For large spills, dike spilled material or otherwise contain material to ensure runoff does not reach a waterway.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
For personal protection see section 8.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

Section: 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not mix with bleach or other chlorinated products – will cause chlorine gas.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers : Keep out of reach of children. Keep container tightly closed.
Store in suitable labelled containers.

Keep only in original packaging. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

Suitable material : Keep in properly labelled containers., Plastic material

Unsuitable material :
Aluminium, Mild steel

7.3 Specific end uses

Specific use(s) : ACID CLEANER

Section: 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Phosphoric Acid	7664-38-2	OELV - 8 hrs	1 mg/m3	IR_OEL

BIOTEK TILE CLEAN

		(TWA)		
Further information	IOEL V	Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value		
		OELV - 15 min (STEL)	2 mg/m3	IR_OEL
Further information	IOEL V	Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value		
Ethanol	64-17-5	OELV - 15 min (STEL)	1,000 ppm	IR_OEL

DNEL

Phosphoric Acid	:	End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Long-term local effects Value: 1 mg/m3
		End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Acute local effects Value: 2 mg/m3
		End Use: Consumers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: Long-term local effects Value: 0.73 mg/m3
Sulfamic Acid	:	End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Dermal Potential health effects: long term - systemic 10 mg/kg
Ethanol	:	End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: short-term - local Value: 1900 mg/m3
		End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Dermal Potential health effects: long term - systemic
		End Use: Workers Exposure routes: Inhalation Potential health effects: long term - systemic Value: 950 mg/m3

PNEC

Sulfamic Acid	:	Fresh water Value: 0.048 mg/l
		Marine water Value: 0.0048 mg/l
		Intermittent release Value: 0.48 mg/l
		STP Value: 2 mg/l
		Fresh water sediment Value: 0.173 mg/kg
		Marine sediment Value: 0.0173 mg/kg

BIOTEK TILE CLEAN

		Soil Value: 0.00638 mg/kg
Ethanol	:	Fresh water Value: 0.96 mg/l
		Marine water Value: 0.79 mg/l
		Intermittent release Value: 2.75 mg/l
		STP Value: 580 mg/l
		Fresh water sediment Value: 2.6 mg/kg
		Marine sediment Value: 2.9 mg/kg
		Soil Value: 0.63 mg/kg
		Oral Value: 0.72 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls**Appropriate engineering controls**

Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

Eye/face protection (EN 166) : Safety glasses with side-shields

Hand protection (EN 374) : Recommended preventive skin protection
Gloves
Nitrile rubber
butyl-rubber
Breakthrough time: 1 – 4 hours
Minimum thickness for butyl-rubber 0.3 mm for nitrile rubber 0.2 mm or equivalent (please refer to the gloves manufacturer/distributor for advise).
Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough.

Skin and body protection (EN 14605) : Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection (EN 143, 14387) : When respiratory risks cannot be avoided or sufficiently limited by technical means of collective protection or by measures, methods or procedures of work organization, consider the use of certified respiratory protection equipment

BIOTEK TILE CLEAN

meeting EU requirements (89/656/EEC, (EU) 2016/425), or
equivalent, with filter type:A-P

Environmental exposure controls

General advice : Consider the provision of containment around storage
vessels.

Section: 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	: Liquid
Colour	: clear, pink
Odour	: no data available
Flash point	: no data available
pH	: not determined
Odour Threshold	: no data available
Melting point/freezing point	: no data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: no data available
Evaporation rate	: no data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: no data available
Upper explosion limit	: no data available
Lower explosion limit	: no data available
Vapour pressure	: no data available
Relative vapour density	: no data available
Relative density	: 1.130 - 1.140
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	: soluble in cold water, soluble in hot water
Solubility in other solvents	: no data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: no data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: no data available
Thermal decomposition	: no data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: no data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: no data available
Explosive properties	: no data available
Oxidizing properties	: no data available

9.2 Other information

no data available

Section: 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

BIOTEK TILE CLEAN

10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Do not mix with bleach or other chlorinated products – will cause chlorine gas.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Aluminium
Mild steel

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products : Depending on combustion properties, decomposition products may include following materials:
Carbon oxides
nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Sulphur oxides
Oxides of phosphorus

Section: 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure : Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact

Toxicity

Product

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate : > 2,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate : > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : There is no data available for this product.

Skin corrosion/irritation : There is no data available for this product.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation : There is no data available for this product.

Respiratory or skin sensitization : There is no data available for this product.

Carcinogenicity : There is no data available for this product.

Reproductive effects : There is no data available for this product.

BIOTEK TILE CLEAN

Germ cell mutagenicity : There is no data available for this product.

Teratogenicity : There is no data available for this product.

STOT - single exposure : There is no data available for this product.

STOT - repeated exposure : There is no data available for this product.

Aspiration toxicity : There is no data available for this product.

Components

Acute oral toxicity : Phosphoric Acid
LD50 rat: > 2,600 mg/kg

Sulfamic Acid
LD50 rat: 3,160 mg/kg

Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated
LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg

Dimethyl-Dioctyl-Ammonium Chloride
LD50 rat: 238 mg/kg

Ethanol
LD50 rat: 10,470 mg/kg

Components

Acute inhalation toxicity : Dimethyl-Dioctyl-Ammonium Chloride
LC50 rat: 0.07 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Ethanol
LC50 rat: 117 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Components

Acute dermal toxicity : Phosphoric Acid
LD50 rabbit: > 2,000 mg/kg

Sulfamic Acid
LD50 rat: > 2,000 mg/kg

Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated
LD50 rat: > 2,000 mg/kg

Dimethyl-Dioctyl-Ammonium Chloride
LD50 rabbit: 2,930 mg/kg

Ethanol
LD50 rabbit: > 15,800 mg/kg

Potential Health Effects

Eyes : Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin : Causes skin irritation.

BIOTEK TILE CLEAN

Ingestion	: Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.
Inhalation	: Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.
Chronic Exposure	: Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

Experience with human exposure

Eye contact	: Redness, Pain, Irritation
Skin contact	: Redness, Irritation
Ingestion	: No symptoms known or expected.
Inhalation	: No symptoms known or expected.
Further information	: no data available

Section: 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**12.1 Ecotoxicity****Product**

Environmental Effects	: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Toxicity to fish	: no data available
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	: no data available
Toxicity to algae	: no data available

Components

Toxicity to fish	: Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated 96 h LC50 Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): 1.4 mg/l Dimethyl-Dioctyl-Ammonium Chloride 96 h LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout): 0.35 mg/l Ethanol 96 h LC50 Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow): > 100 mg/l
------------------	--

Components

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	: Phosphoric Acid 48 h EC50 Daphnia magna (Water flea): > 100 mg/l Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated 48 h EC50 Daphnia magna (Water flea): 0.14 mg/l Dimethyl-Dioctyl-Ammonium Chloride 96 h LC50 Americamysis bahia: 0.073 mg/l
---	---

BIOTEK TILE CLEAN

Components

Toxicity to algae : Phosphoric Acid
72 h EC50 *Desmodesmus subspicatus* (green algae): > 100 mg/l

Sulfamic Acid
72 h EC50: 48 mg/l

Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated
72 h EC50 *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* (green algae): 0.75 mg/l

Dimethyl-Dioctyl-Ammonium Chloride
72 h EC50 *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* (algae): 0.122 mg/l

Components

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated
10 d NOEC *Pimephales promelas* (fathead minnow): 0.16 mg/l

Dimethyl-Dioctyl-Ammonium Chloride
33 d NOEC *Pimephales promelas* (fathead minnow): 0.018 mg/l

Components

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated
21 d NOEC *Daphnia magna* (Water flea): 0.77 mg/l

Dimethyl-Dioctyl-Ammonium Chloride
21 d NOEC *Daphnia magna* (Water flea): 0.027 mg/l

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product

no data available

Components

Biodegradability : Phosphoric Acid
Result: Not applicable - inorganic

Sulfamic Acid
Result: Not applicable - inorganic

Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated
Result: Readily biodegradable.

Dimethyl-Dioctyl-Ammonium Chloride
Result: Poorly biodegradable

Ethanol
Result: Readily biodegradable.

BIOTEK TILE CLEAN

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

no data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Other adverse effects

no data available

Section: 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.

13.1 Waste treatment methods

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Product | : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration.
If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.
Dispose of wastes in an approved waste disposal facility. |
| Contaminated packaging | : Dispose of as unused product.
Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
Do not re-use empty containers. |
| Guidance for Waste Code selection | : Inorganic wastes containing dangerous substances. If this product is used in any further processes, the final user must redefine and assign the most appropriate European Waste Catalogue Code. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable European (EU Directive 2008/98/EC) and local regulations. |

Section: 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipper/consignor/sender is responsible to ensure that the packaging, labeling, and markings are in compliance with the selected mode of transport.

BIOTEK TILE CLEAN**Land transport (ADR/ADN/RID)**

14.1 UN number:	UN 3264
14.2 UN proper shipping name:	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Phosphoric Acid, Dimethyl-Dioctyl-Ammonium Chloride)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es):	8
14.4 Packing group:	III
14.5 Environmental hazards:	Yes
14.6 Special precautions for user:	Not applicable.

Air transport (IATA)

14.1 UN number:	UN 3264
14.2 UN proper shipping name:	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Phosphoric Acid, Dimethyl-Dioctyl-Ammonium Chloride)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es):	8
14.4 Packing group:	III
14.5 Environmental hazards:	Yes
14.6 Special precautions for user:	Not applicable.

Sea transport (IMDG/IMO)

14.1 UN number:	UN 3264
14.2 UN proper shipping name:	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Phosphoric Acid, Dimethyl-Dioctyl-Ammonium Chloride)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es):	8
14.4 Packing group:	III
14.5 Environmental hazards:	Yes (Marine Pollutant)
14.6 Special precautions for user:	Not applicable.
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:	Not applicable.

Section: 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:****INTERNATIONAL CHEMICAL CONTROL LAWS****15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment:**

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out on the product.

Section: 16. OTHER INFORMATION**Procedure used to derive the classification according to REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008**

Classification	Justification
Corrosive to metals 1, H290	Calculation method
Skin irritation 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye irritation 2, H319	Calculation method
Chronic aquatic toxicity 2, H411	Calculation method

Full text of H-Statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.

BIOTEK TILE CLEAN

H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

ADN – European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR – European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS – Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM – American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw – Body weight; CLP – Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR – Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN – Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL – Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA – European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number – European Community number; ECx – Concentration associated with x% response; ELx – Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS – Emergency Schedule; ENCS – Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx – Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS – Globally Harmonized System; GLP – Good Laboratory Practice; IARC – International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA – International Air Transport Association; IBC – International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 – Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO – International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC – Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG – International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO – International Maritime Organization; ISHL – Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO – International Organisation for Standardization; KECI – Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 – Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 – Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL – International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. – Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC – No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL – No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR – No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC – New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD – Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS – Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT – Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS – Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR – (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH – Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID – Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT – Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS – Safety Data Sheet; TCSI – Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS – Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA – Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN – United Nations; vPvB – Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet : IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Man, Geneva: World Health Organization, International Agency for Research on Cancer.

The possible key literature references and data sources which may have been used in conjunction with the consideration of expert judgment to compile this Safety Data Sheet: European regulations/directives (including (EC) No. 1907/2006, (EC) No. 1272/2008), supplier data, inter-net, ESIS, IUCLID, ERICards, Non European official regulatory data and other data sources.

Prepared By : Regulatory Affairs

Numbers quoted in the MSDS are given in the format: 1,000,000 = 1 million and 1,000 = 1 thousand. 0.1 = 1 tenth and 0.001 = 1 thousandth

REVISED INFORMATION: Significant changes to regulatory or health information for this revision is indicated by a bar in the left-hand margin of the SDS.

BIOTEK TILE CLEAN

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.